

Barcodes have been around for two generations, and as technology has progressed their use has increased exponentially.







1952



The First barcode was invented by Norman J Woodland and Bernard Silver. It featured a bullseye design.

Woodland and Silver receive a patent for their invention, however technology hurdles made it impractical



1973

1960s

The Committee on Uniform Grocery Product Code recommends barcodes be used on most products in U.S.

The Association of American Railroads sponsors the **KarTrak Barcode System**, The size of a refrigerator featuring 13 horizontal labels.







1974

On June 26, 1974, a pack of Wrigley's gum became the first commercially-scanned UPC barcode

The **Code 39** is invented, becoming the first alphanumeric barcode technology





1975

The first charge coupled device (CCD) scanner is introduced, paving the way for widespread adoption of barcode scanning technology

90% of all US rail cars carry **KarTrak labels**, although the program would be abandoned 3 years later.

1986



1999



The first handheld fixed-beam laser scanner is patented.

The two-dimensional **QR code** is unveiled in Japan

2008



2005

Mobile phones gain the required technology to be able to display barcodes

Airlines begin printing barcodes on passenger boarding passes to speed up the process.

2016



Scanning using the normal camera on mobile phones and tablets reaches performance parity with earlier laser scanners.

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